

ETSU College of Nursing
Bloodborne Pathogens/Hazardous Materials
Post-Training Quiz

Name _____
ID Number _____ Date _____
E-mail _____

- T F 1. "Standard precautions" refers to the handling of all blood and body fluids as if known to be contaminated.
- T F 2. The process of infection requires a source, means of transmission and a susceptible host.
- T F 3. Single use gloves may be washed and reused if not torn, cracked, peeling or otherwise compromised.
- T F 4. Contaminated needles should be recapped immediately.
- T F 5. Properly recapped needles need not be placed in puncture-proof containers.
- T F 6. Masks should be replaced as soon as possible whenever they become wet.
- T F 7. Gloves are not required while giving infants injections since there is a very low chance of them having an infectious disease.
- T F 8. Water splashed into eyes during cleaning of instruments is considered an occupational exposure.
- T F 9. The proper emergency response to an eye splash exposure would be to flush copiously with water.
- T F 10. Broken specimen tubes may be safely picked up by using tongs.
- T F 11. It is not necessary to wash hands after removal of gloves if there is no tear, puncture or leak in the glove while being worn.
- T F 12. A nursing student can decline use of personal protective equipment if the student determines it is not necessary.
- T F 13. Blood is not considered "regulated waste."
- T F 14. Fluorescent orange or orange-red must be used for Biohazard warning labels.
- T F 15. Nurses who work with low-risk patients do not have to use Standard Precautions.
- T F 16. After exposure to blood or other infectious materials, reporting should take place immediately if possible and always within 48 hours.
- T F 17. Eating food and drink in a hospital setting should be limited to the break room or other designated areas.
- T F 18. Immunization can help protect a health care worker against Hepatitis B virus.
- T F 19. To safely place needles in a puncture proof box, push needles in the box down to the bottom.
- T F 20. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) should be kept in a locked file to ensure they are available for OSHA inspection.